- 1-7. (Cancelled).
- (Currently Amended) A method of forming a dynamic random access memory structure, said method comprising:

forming a trench within a substrate;

filling said trench with a trench conductor;

forming a pad oxide along a surface of said substrate adjacent said trench;

forming a collar along an upper portion of said trench such that said collar insulates said substrate from said trench conductor;

recessing said collar and said pad oxide;

depositing a lip strap over said trench conductor and in recesses produced by said recessing, wherein said recessing allows a portion of said collar to remain in contact with the <u>adjacent</u> wall of said trench such that said collar separates said lip strap from said <u>adjacent</u> wall of said trench; and

forming an isolation region adjacent said lip strap.

- 9. (Original) The method in claim 8, further comprising forming a control device adjacent said trench, wherein said trench has a corner adjacent said control device and said lip strap comprises a conductor surrounding said corner.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 9, wherein said forming of said control device includes forming a control device conductive region adjacent said trench and said lip strap comprises a conductor formed along a side of said trench and along a portion of said control device conductive region.
- 11. (Original) The method in claim 8, further comprising forming a collar insulator along a top portion of said trench, wherein said lip strap comprises a conductor formed to extend from a top of said collar to a top of said trench, said lip strap further extending along a surface of said device adjacent said trench and perpendicular to said trench.

- 12. (Original) The method in claim 11, further comprising lining said trench with a node dielectric, wherein said lip strap surrounds an upper portion of said node dielectric adjacent said top portion of said trench.
- 13. (Original) The method in claim 8, further comprising forming a trench top oxide, such that said lip strap extends into said trench top oxide and forms an inverted U-shaped structure.
- 14. (Original) The method in claim 8, wherein said lip strap comprises a conductor formed along two perpendicular portions of a top corner of said trench.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a dynamic random access memory structure, said method comprising:

forming a trench within a substrate:

filling said trench with a trench conductor;

forming a pad oxide along a surface of said substrate adjacent said trench;

forming a collar along an upper portion of said trench such that said collar insulates said substrate from said trench conductor;

forming an isolation region adjacent said trench conductor;

recessing said collar and said pad oxide; and depositing a lip strap over said trench conductor and in recesses produced by said recessing, wherein said recessing allows a portion of said collar to remain in contact with the <u>adjacent</u> wall of said trench such that said collar separates said lip strap from said adjacent wall of said trench.

- 16. (Original) The method in claim 15, further comprising forming a control device adjacent said trench, wherein said trench has a corner adjacent said control device and said lip strap comprises a conductor surrounding said corner.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 16, wherein said forming of said control device includes forming a control device conductive region adjacent said trench

and said lip strap comprises a conductor formed along a side of said trench and along a portion of said control device conductive region.

- 18. (Original) The method in claim 15, further comprising forming a collar insulator along a top portion of said trench, wherein said lip strap comprises a conductor formed to extend from a top of said collar to a top of said trench, said lip strap further extending along a surface of said device adjacent said trench and perpendicular to said trench.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 15, further comprising lining said trench with a node dielectric, wherein said lip strap surrounds an upper portion of said node dielectric adjacent said top portion of said trench.
- 20. (Original) The method in claim 15, further comprising forming a trench top oxide, such that said lip strap extends into said trench top oxide and forms an inverted U-shaped structure.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a dynamic random access memory structure, said method comprising:

forming a trench within a substrate;

filling said trench with a trench conductor;

forming a pad oxide along a surface of said substrate adjacent said trench;

forming a collar along an upper portion of said trench such that said collar insulates said substrate from said trench conductor;

recessing said collar and said pad oxide; and

depositing a lip strap over said trench conductor and in recesses produced by said recessing, wherein said recessing allows [a portion of] said collar to remain in contact with the <u>adjacent</u> wall of said trench such that said collar separates said lip strap from said <u>adjacent</u> wall of said trench; [and

forming an isolation region adjacent said lip strap].

22. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 21, further comprising forming a control device adjacent said trench, wherein said trench has a corner adjacent said control device and said lip strap comprises a conductor surrounding said corner.

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- 23. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 22, wherein said forming of said control device includes forming a control device conductive region adjacent said trench and said lip strap comprises a conductor formed along a side of said trench and along a portion of said control device conductive region.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 21, further comprising forming a collar insulator along a top portion of said trench, wherein said lip strap comprises a conductor formed to extend from a top of said collar to a top of said trench, said lip strap further extending along a surface of said device adjacent said trench and perpendicular to said trench.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 24, further comprising lining said trench with a node dielectric, wherein said lip strap surrounds an upper portion of said node dielectric adjacent said top portion of said trench.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 21, further comprising forming a trench top oxide, such that said lip strap extends into said trench top oxide and forms an inverted U-shaped structure.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method in claim 21, wherein said lip strap comprises a conductor formed along two perpendicular portions of a top corner of said trench.